U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY POLLUTION/SITUATION REPORT Roosevelt Drive Oil Site - Removal Polrep



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Region I

Region

Subject: POLREP #17 Roosevelt Drive Oil Site 696 Derby, CT Latitude: 41.3228000 Longitude: -73.0958000

Gary Lipson, OSC

To: From: Date: Reporting Period:

11/13/2009

1. Introduction

1.1 Background			
Site Number:	696	Contract Number:	
D.O. Number:	ERRS Task Order #: 0042	Action Memo Date:	
Response Authority:	: OPA	Response Type:	Time-Critical
Response Lead:		Incident Category:	Removal Action
NPL Status:		Operable Unit:	
Mobilization Date:		Start Date:	8/25/1994
Demob Date:		Completion Date:	
CERCLIS ID:		RCRIS ID:	
ERNS No.:		State Notification:	
FPN#:	014504	Reimbursable Account #	01R0X08302D91CHRZ108

1.1.1 Incident Category

Time Critical Removal Action

1.1.2 Site Description

The site consists of a large warehouse type building which takes up the majority of the plot footprint on the eastern bank of the Housatonic River in Derby, CT. The facility, which was constructed along with an adjoining canal at the turn of the 20th century has served as a hydroelectric plant since its inception and currently houses two electric producing turbines which are powered by outfall from the canal located just across Route 34 (east of the building). Due to an increase of oil being released into the river when the turbines have operated in the past, these turbines are currently off-line at the request of the EPA and Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection. It is currently non-operational due to the continuing presence of subsurface oil migrating out from under the facility.

1.1.2.1 Location

The site is located on the eastern bank of the Housatonic River along Route 34 (140 Roosevelt Drive) in Derby, CT. The Site is bordered by the river to the west and south, Route 34 and a canal to the east and the Derby Cellular Products facility to the north. The site latitude and longitude is 41.3228 and -73.0958 respectively.

1.1.2.2 Description of Threat

The discharge of No.6 fuel oil product from the Site was first discovered to be impacting the Housatonic River in July 1994. An oil recovery system was constructed in the fall and winter of 1994 and consists of an oil collection trench in conjunction with a recovery well. After contaminated soils and sediments were removed, this system was constructed on the south side of the structure where the impact to the river was first seen.

The No.6 oil impact to the subsurface and the Housatonic River was soon determined to be the result of a leaking underground oil pipe which connected a 20,000-gallon UST, located on the northern portion of the

Hull property, with an on-site pumphouse. A second oil recovery system was installed in 1999, over and adjacent to this source area, consisting of a y-shaped trench, five recovery wells, and a ground water treatment system. Although the two systems are still operating and recovering subsurface oil, there is a continuing discharge of oil into the facility tailrace. In recent years, a dam was constructed to physically separate the tailrace from the river and a tube skimmer installed to remove oil as it surfaces in the tailrace. Although this is keeping oil out of the river, it does not allow for continuing use of the two electric producing turbines which are powered by outfall from a canal located just across Route 34 (east of the building).

2. Current Activities

2.1 Operations Section

2.1.2 Response Actions to Date

EPA's clean-up contractor, Environmental Restoration, conducts operation and maintenance (O & M) activities approximately every three weeks at the site. Activities include repairing or replacing pumps, heaters, motors, belts, hoses, bag filters, meters, gauges, and computer software on the three existing oil recovery systems and transportation and disposal of collected oil. In addition, the timing and operation of the groundwater depression wells and skimmer belts are modified to take advantage of current site conditions.

During the summer of 2007, the OSC began working with the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), utilizing a Pollution Reimbursement Funding Authorization (PRFA) to subcontract an engineer with expertise in horizontal well design. Since there has been difficulty in installing traditional vertical wells due to the footprint of the building and the amount of concrete in the foundation, horizontal wells are being considered a possible alternative for additional oil extraction.

After reviewing background information including existing well logs and recent well data, a series of on-site pump tests were conducted which allowed the engineer to develop a series of groundwater flow models. These models indicated that the placement of a horizontal well(s) at the correct elevation would change the groundwater flow pattern, redirecting the subsurface oil from the tailrace towards the new well.

2.2 Planning Section

2.2.1 Anticipated Activities

Additional resources have recently been placed on the PRFA to fund the upcoming design work. When approval is given by TVA, the engineer will initiate the design work for the placement of the well(s) and collection vessel. With the assistance of TVA, the engineering drawings will be completed and the associated construction activities will be bid on through EPA's prime contractor. It is expected that the design engineer will be retained to work with the construction contractor(s) through this next phase.

2.3 Logistics Section

No information available at this time.

2.4 Finance Section

No information available at this time.

2.5 Other Command Staff

No information available at this time.

3. Participating Entities

No information available at this time.

4. Personnel On Site

As stated earlier in this POLREP, the only current site activity is O & M on a periodic basis. The ERRS contractor typically utilizes two field technicians and a supervisor to conduct these tasks.

5. Definition of Terms

No information available at this time.

6. Additional sources of information

No information available at this time.

7. Situational Reference Materials

No information available at this time.